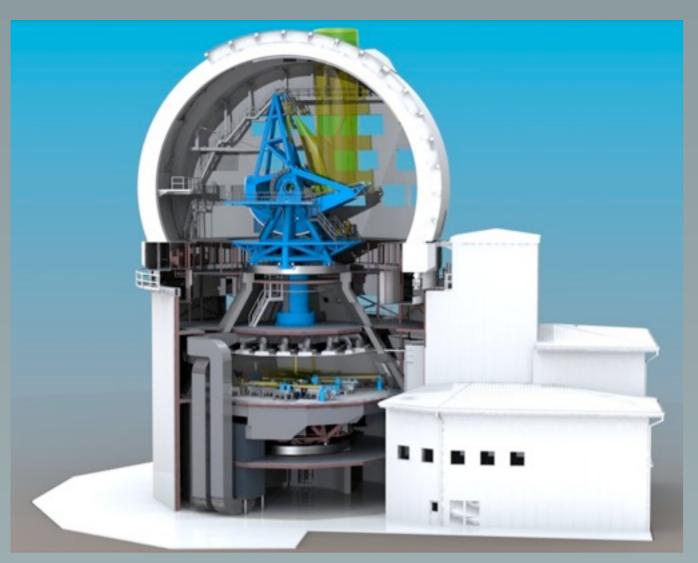


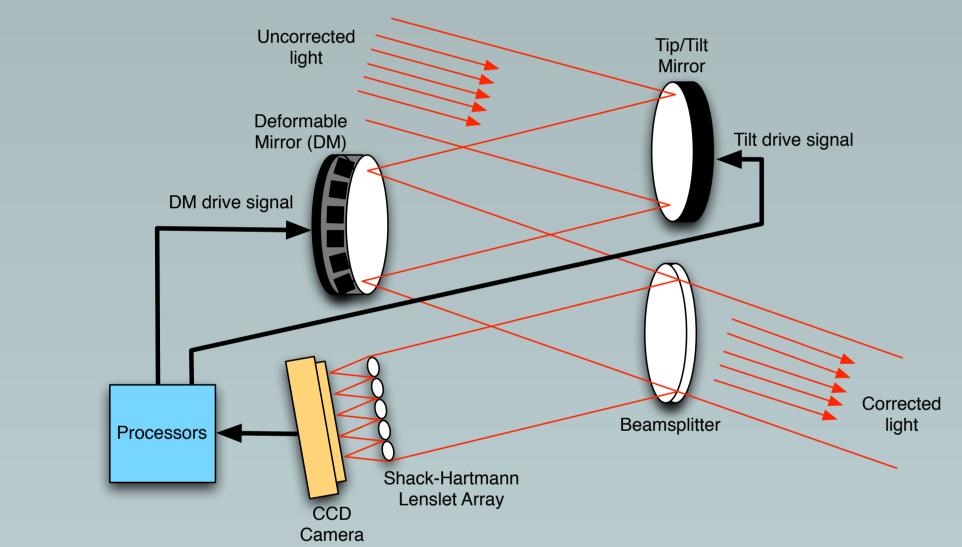
Accelerating Real-time Processing of the ATST Adaptive Optics System Vivek Venugopal vivek@vivekvenugopal.net

Introduction



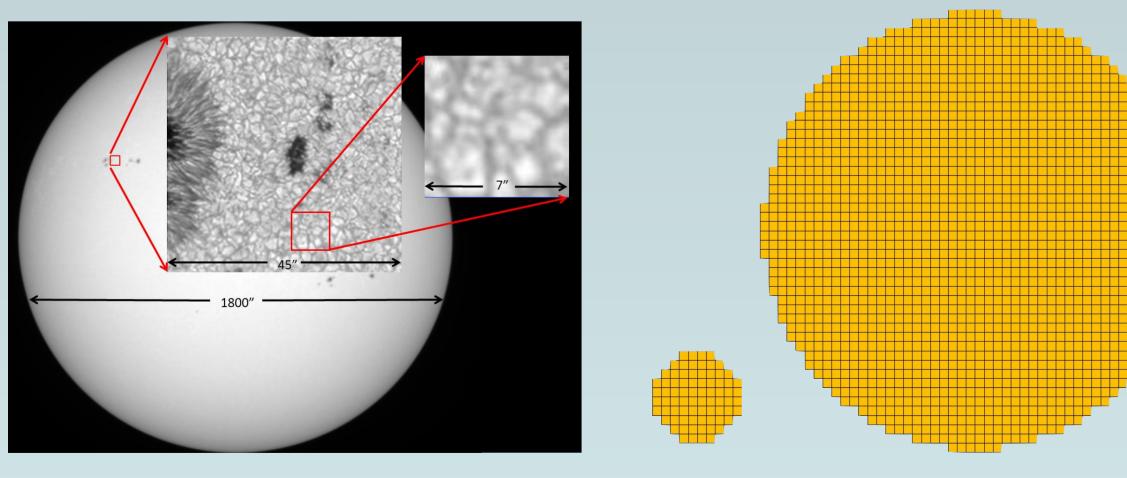
Advanced Technology Solar Telescope

• Atmospheric turbulence distorts the wavefront by generating phase variations in the incoming light and limits the resolution of large solar telescopes such as the four meter solar telescope, Advanced Technology Solar Telescope (ATST) now beginning construction at Maui's Haleakala.



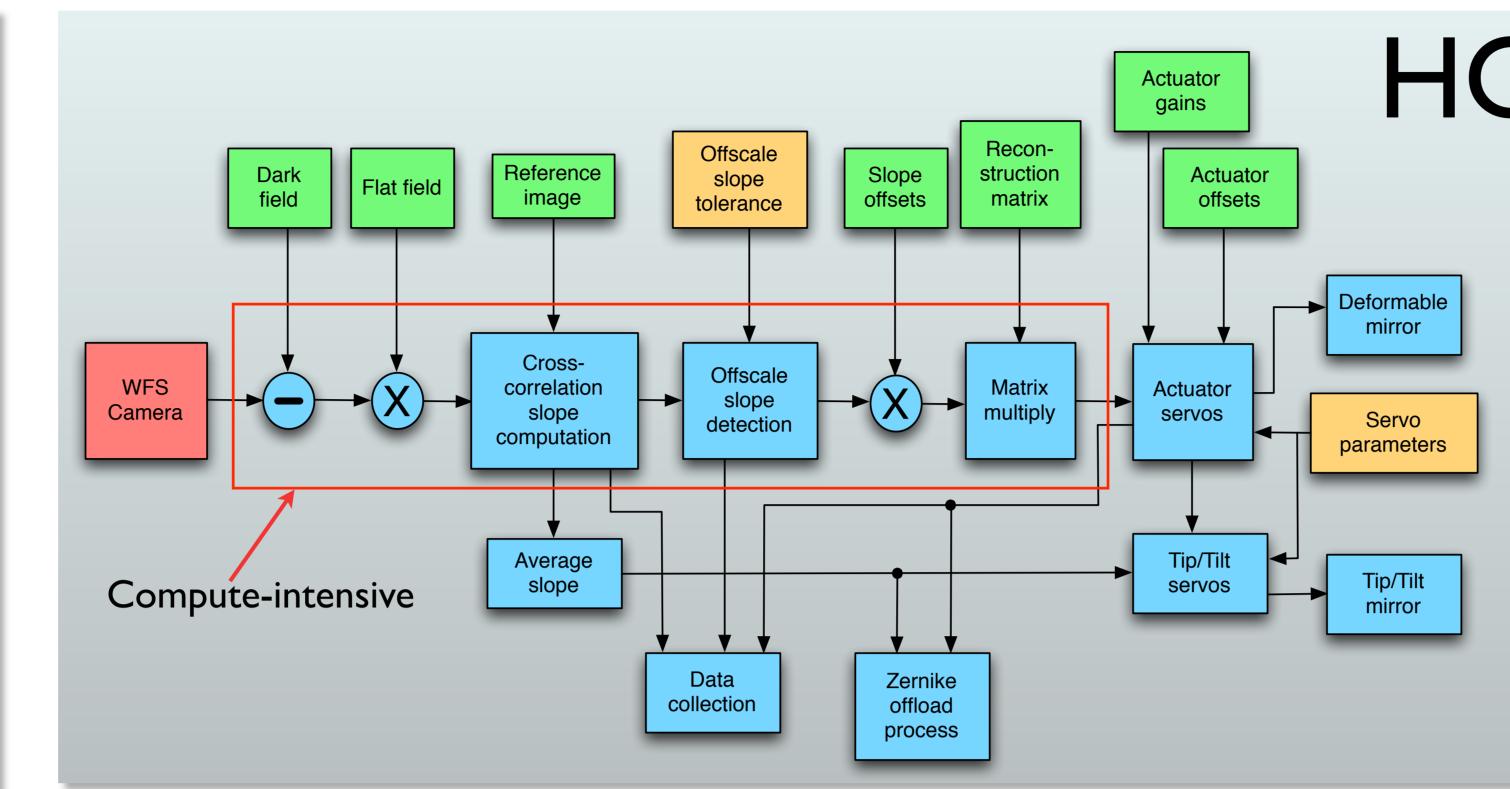
Adaptive Optics system

•The adaptive optics (AO) system senses the wavefront aberrations and applies the corresponding correction to the adjustable deformable mirror to improve the resolution of the telescope.

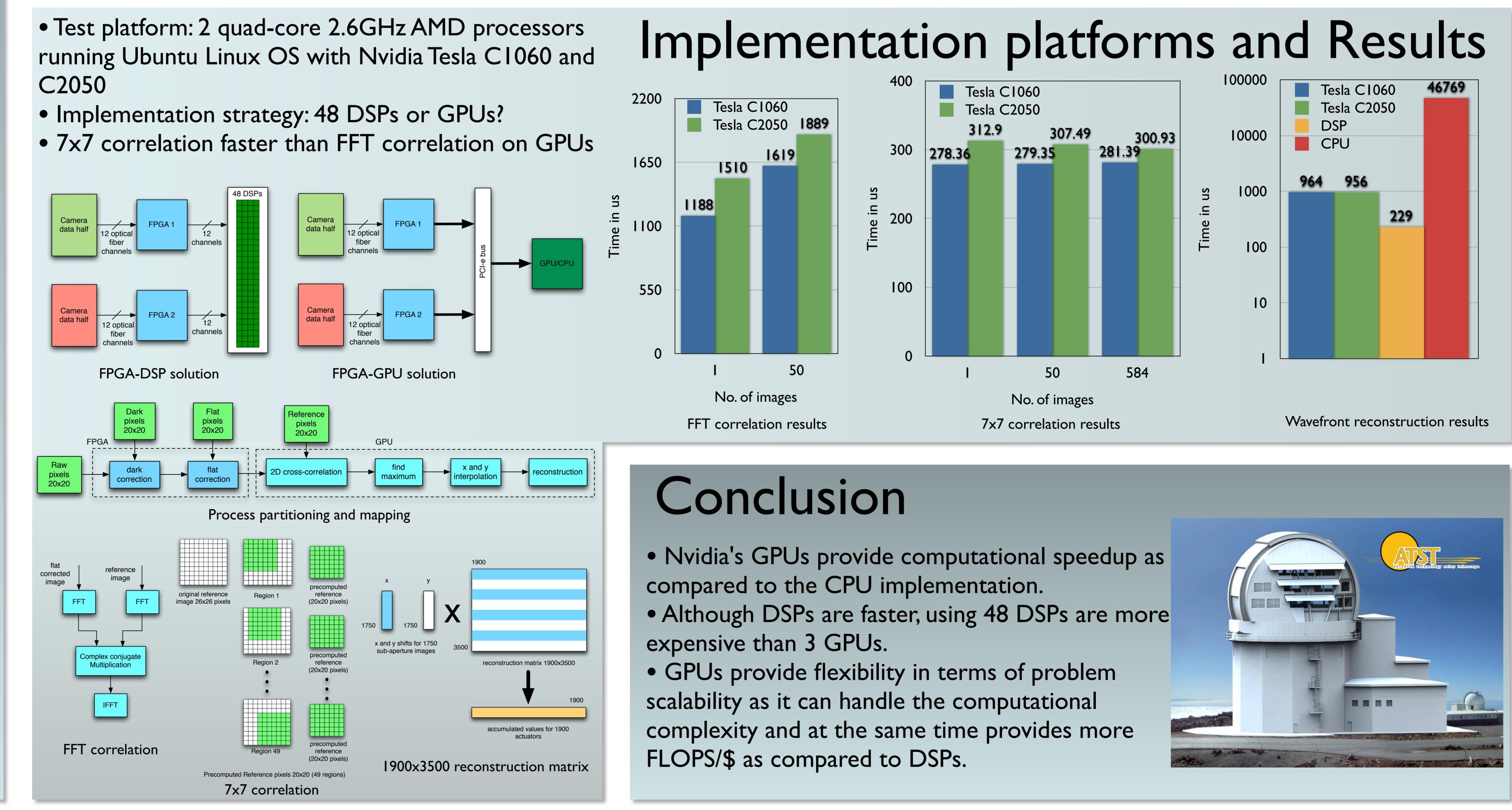


References

[1] S. L. Keil, T. R. Rimmele, J. Wagner, and ATST team. Advanced Technology Solar Telescope: A status report. Astronomische Nachrichten, 331:609–615, 2010. [2] V. Venugopal, et. al. Accelerating Real-time processing of the ATST Adaptive Optics System using Coarse-grained Parallel Hardware Architectures. In International Conference on Engineering of Reconfigurable Systems and Algorithms (ERSA 2011), pages 296–301, Las Vegas, USA, July 2011. [3] Nvidia Inc. (Last Accessed: February 2012) Nvidia Tesla C2050 GPU Computing Processor. [Online]. Available: http://www.nvidia.com/object/product_tesla_c2050_us.html



C2050



HOAO Real-time system

• The high speed camera sends 1750 20x20 pixel raw sub-aperture images to the processing system.

• The sub-apertures undergo a dark field correction followed by a flat field correction, which is the equivalent to correcting the images for zero level and gain equalization.

• The 2D cross-correlation step determines the shift in the x and y direction of each sub-aperture, as compared to the reference image. • The wavefront reconstruction step consists of a precomputed 3500x1900 reconstruction matrix, which is multiplied with the x and y shifts.